# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS And INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 30, 2018

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## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, And City Manager City of Scottsbluff Scottsbluff, Nebraska

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the

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appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, on pages 4-11 and 44-51, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Scottsbluff's basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents as pages 52-58 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Other Supplementary Information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2019 on our consideration of City of Scottsbluff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Scottsbluff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Scottsbluff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Contryman associates PC

Certified Public Accountants Scottsbluff, Nebraska

February 14, 2019

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

### September 30, 2018

The management of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska (the City) offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Please consider this discussion in conjunction with the additional information provided in the transactions, events and conditions reflected in the City's financial statements (beginning on page 12).

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2018, by \$80,219,298 (net position). Of this amount, \$19,299,556 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of September 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,373,474. This is an increase of \$1,886,083 in comparison with the prior year. This increase in large part was attributable to the issuance of debt for the construction of 42nd Street during the year ended September 30, 2018.
- As of September 30, 2018, unassigned fund balance for governmental funds was \$6,425,287, or 76% of total general fund expenditures.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year ended September 30, 2018. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general administrative services, public safety, streets and highways, health, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, libraries, and self-insurance. The business-type activities of the City include sanitation, wastewater, water, stormwater, electric utilities, and geographic information systems.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-14 of this report.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

#### September 30, 2018

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

The City maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the Transportation fund, the Economic Development fund, the Debt Service fund, the Special Projects fund, and the Leasing Corporation fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sanitation, wastewater, water, stormwater, and electric systems. Internal service funds are used to account for its self-funding unemployment and health insurance and geographic information and central garage services. Because the self-funding services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The geographic information and central garage services are shown as a business-type function and have been included within the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for all of the enterprise funds. Internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-26 of this report.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - (CONTINUED)

#### September 30, 2018

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-43 of this report.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all other governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General, Transportation, Economic Development, Debt, Special Projects, and Leasing Corporation major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$80,219,298 at September 30, 2018.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (58 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, utility plant, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### City of Scottsbluff Condensed Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmental Activities		ness-type tivities	Tota	al
	2018 20	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$ 29,207,282 \$ 25,25	50,034 \$ 10,284,686	\$ 9,803,294	\$ 39,491,968 \$	35,053,328
Capital assets	31,586,062 31,35	53,618 22,632,999	22,301,027	54,219,061	53,654,645
Other noncurrent assets	-	- 476,517	377,649	476,517	377,649
Total assets	60,793,344 56,60	33,394,202	32,481,970	94,187,546	89,085,622
Current liabilities	3,175,057 2,72	1,520,667	1,467,250	4,695,724	4,194,034
Long-term liabilities outstanding	4,944,274 3,90	1,255,888	1,403,238	6,200,162	5,310,203
Total liabilities	8,119,331 6,63	2,776,555	2,870,488	10,895,886	9,504,237
Deferred inflow of resources	3,072,362 2,13		257,843	3,072,362	2,393,471
Net assets					
Net investment in capital assets	25,653,456 25,84	20,841,582	20,416,411	46,495,038	46,257,447
Restricted	8,694,407 8,37	4,603 476,517	377,649	9,170,924	8,752,252
Committed	5,060,280		-	5,060,280	-
Assigned	193,500	-	-	193,500	-
Unrestricted	10,000,008 13,61	8,636 9,299,548	8,817,422	19,299,556	22,436,058
Total net position	\$ 49,601,651 \$ 47,83	\$4,275 \$ 30,617,647	\$ 29,611,482	\$ 80,219,298 \$	77,445,757

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - (CONTINUED)

## September 30, 2018

At September 30, 2018, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole.

#### City of Scottsbluff

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

September 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmental Activities				iess- tivit	-type		Total			
	2018		2017	-	2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenues:				-				-			
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 522,961	\$	499,645	\$	10,246,676	\$`	10,226,117	\$	10,769,637	\$	10,725,762
Operating grants and											
contributions	112,137		110,859		-		23,818		112,137		134,677
Capital grants and											
contributions	636,073		478,894		90,987		-		727,060		478,894
General revenues:			•								
Property taxes	1,729,569		1,692,721		-		-		1,729,569		1,692,721
Sales and use tax	5,944,784		5,891,271		-		-		5,944,784		5,891,271
Other taxes	1,364,258		1,374,621				-		1,364,258		1,374,621
Intergovernmental	1,695,610		1,697,264		-		-		1,695,610		1,697,264
Investment income	179,685		117,475		51,771		46,743		231,456		164,218
Gain (loss) from sale of assets	562,062		-		/ -				562,062		
Miscellaneous	1,685,546		2,410,420		70,685		64,786		1,756,231		2,475,206
Total revenues	14,432,685		14,273,170	-	10,460,119		10,361,464	-	24,892,804		24,634,634
Expenses:				-				-	1		
General government	4,343,256		4,352,659		-		-		4,343,256		4,352,659
Public safety	4,897,110		4,653,560		-		-		4,897,110		4,653,560
Transportation	3,014,139		2,960,223		-		-		3,014,139		2,960,223
Public health	176,735		178,014				-		176,735		178,014
Culture and recreation	2,598,580		2,651,334				-		2,598,580		2,651,334
Public works	281,229		365,531		-		-		281,229		365,531
Interest on long-term debt	86,277		90,428		-		-		86,277		90,428
Environmental services	-		-		2,256,514		2,214,491		2,256,514		2,214,491
Wastewater	-		-		2,149,950		2,138,561		2,149,950		2,138,561
Water	-		-		1,738,019		1,586,755		1,738,019		1,586,755
Electric					49,641		52,621		49,641		52,621
Stormwater	-		-		110,243		131,700		110,243		131,700
Geographic information systems	-		-		72,481		72,642		72,481		72,642
Central garage	-		-		345,088		295,806		345,088		295,806
Total expenses	15,397,326		15,251,749		6,721,936	-	6,492,576	1 1	22,119,262	. –	21,744,325
Increase (decrease) in net				-		a.		1		. –	
assets before transfers	(964,641)		(978,579)		3,738,183		3,868,888		2,773,542		2,890,309
Transfers in (out)	2,732,018		2,675,075		(2,732,018)		(2,675,075)		-		-
Increase (decrease) in net assets	1,767,377		1,696,496		1,006,165		1,193,813		2,773,542		2,890,309
Prior period adjustment (Note 12)			1,002,124		-				-		1,002,124
Net assets, October 1	47,834,274		45,135,655		29,611,482	1.	28,417,669		77,445,756		73,553,324
Net assets, September 30	\$ 49,601,651	\$_	47,834,275	\$_	30,617,647	\$_	29,611,482	\$_	80,219,298	\$	77,445,757

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

#### GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by a total of \$1,767,377. Key elements in this increase follows:

- The general fund received \$546,560 in proceeds from the sale of land.
- Transportation fund issuance of debt in the amount of \$2,372,000 for the expansion and rehab of 42<sup>nd</sup> Street.

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

Business-type activities increased the city's net position by \$1,006,165. Key elements in this increase follows:

- Water and sanitation revenues were all over budgeted amounts. Personnel, operating and contractual expenses were below budgeted amounts for all three funds.
- Additional reduced expenses in the sanitation fund from not purchasing budgeted amount for one refuse truck.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,373,483, an increase of \$1,886,089 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease was largely due to the payoff of outstanding debt during the current year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At September 30, 2018, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$6,425,287. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 76 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$1,211,675 during 2018. This increase was due to the proceeds from the sale of land in the amount of \$546,560 and \$296,432 in hotel lodging occupation tax receipts. In addition, expenditures for salaries and benefits were \$280,240 less than budgeted due to not filling vacant positions and eliminating positions. Supplies expenditures were \$48,813 less than budgeted and contractual services were \$32,100 less than budgeted.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the sanitation, wastewater system, water system, electric system, and stormwater system amounted to \$1,356,058, \$2,730,609, \$2,421,149, \$2,210,788, and \$822,729 respectively, at September 30, 2018. Factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Variances between actual general fund revenues and expenditures and the final amended budget include:

- \$489,794 positive variance in taxes. Hotel occupation taxes were \$296,432 which were not budgeted for. Sales tax receipts were \$206,524 over budget.
- Sale proceeds from the sale of land in the amount of \$546,560 was not budgeted for.
- \$280,240 positive variance in general fund payroll and benefit expense.
- \$250,000 was budgeted in contingency to cover any unforeseen costs that may arise during the year. No contingency items were incurred.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, was \$54,219,061 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, streets, storm sewers, electric plant, and water and sewer plant.

## City of Scottsbluff Capital assets (net of depreciation)

September 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governm Activi		Busines: Activ	21	Total		
-	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018		2017
Land \$	554,216 \$	554,215	\$ 1,461,475 \$	1,461,474	\$ 2,015,691	\$	2,015,690
Inventory	2,629,113	2,562,113	-	-	2,629,113		2,562,113
Construction in progress	1,822,762	210,223	847,889	441,979	2,670,651		652,202
Buildings and improvements	7,118,809	7,421,729	2,770,693	2,867,012	9,889,502		10,288,741
Equipment and vehicles	3,389,244	3,458,198	2,404,310	2,658,820	5,793,554		6,117,018
Infrastructure	16,071,918	17,147,141	10,173,343	9,492,289	26,245,261		26,639,430
Plant in service	-	-	4,975,289	5,379,451	4,975,289		5,379,451
Total \$	31,586,062 \$	31,353,618	\$ 22,632,999 \$	22,301,027	\$ 54,219,061	\$	53,654,645

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

Major capital asset events during 2018 included the following:

- Delta Drive overlay. \$257,180
- Fire Department new rescue truck. \$308,272
- Broadway water main replacement. \$1,003,865
- Expansion and rehab of 42<sup>nd</sup> Street. \$2,230,019

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 36-37 of this report.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At September 30, 2018, the City of Scottsbluff had total bonded debt outstanding of \$6,405,000. This entire amount represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). Included in this amount was new debt issued in 2018 in the amount of \$2,920,000.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 37-39 of this report.

City of Scottsbluff Outstanding Bonded Debt September 30, 2018 and 2017

		Governme Activit		Total					
	- 1	2018	2017	2018	20	17 .		2018	2017
General obligation bonds	\$	3,819,944 \$	1,875,000	\$ 515,056 \$		-	\$	4,335,000 \$	1,875,000
Revenue bonds		2,070,000	2,725,000	-		-		2,070,000	2,725,000
Total	\$	5,889,944 \$	4,600,000	\$ 515,056 \$		-	\$	6,405,000 \$	4,600,000

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The increase in the City's property tax base provided by real growth is estimated at .90%, with an actual increase in valuation from the prior year of approximately \$10.4 million.
- For 2019 budget, the projection for sales tax was estimated at (4.0%) decrease due to recent agricultural economic events.
- \$153,500 was set aside in the general fund for the East Overland grant program for improvements to store facades. In addition, \$40,000 was set aside in the general fund to pay the City's portion of Monument Valley Pathway.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2019 fiscal year.

The utility rates were increased for the 2018 budget year. The water, wastewater and sanitation rates were increased by 3%, each and the stormwater flat surcharge amount was increased 20% (from \$2.50 to \$3.00). The rate increases affected both residential and industrial consumers by approximately the same percentage. These increases are necessary to fund debt service, cover the cost of inflation, and cover the cost of federal mandates.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

## September 30, 2018

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Scottsbluff, Finance Department, 2525 Circle Drive, Scottsbluff, NE 69361.

## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Prin	mary Governme	ent	
	Governmental				
	Activities	-	Activities	-	Total
\$	22,544,259	\$	8,242,491	\$	30,786,750
	84,581	*	-		84,581
	1,857,587		-		1,857,587
			1,551,859		1,551,859
			20,000		20,000
	767,957		-		767,957
	3,581,177		-		3,581,177
	62,196		13,607		75,803
	229,416		-		229,416
			-		80,109
	18		456,729		456,729
	29,207,282	-		_	39,491,968
		-			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	1.00-10-1		476.517		476,517
	5 006 091				7,315,455
					46,903,606
		-		-	54,695,578
a soor	51,500,002	-	25,107,510	-	54,075,570
\$	60 703 344	\$	33 304 202	\$	94,187,546
Ψ;	00,775,544	Ψ=	55,574,202	Ψ=	74,107,340
				•	
	688 Q 10	<b>^</b>	010100		1 000 /10
\$		\$		\$	1,000,412
					52,565
					412,381
	2,272,326				2,968,928
1635,010 0 1	526.01-0	_			261,438
	3,175,057	_	1,520,667	_	4,695,724
	4,414,027		1,084,912		5,498,939
	530,247		170,976		701,223
	4,944,274	-	1,255,888	_	6,200,161
retrid and point		-		-	10,895,885
is to ab with pape		-			
	3.072.362		-		3,072,362
or our mit have		£ -	-	-	3,072,362
tains an inside		-		-	
	25,653,456		20,841,582		46,495,038
	International and				
	2,588,101		-		2,588,101
			_		4,449,412
	1,117,712		476 517		476,517
	1 656 804				1,656,894
					5,060,280
			-		193,500
		1 1 1			19,299,556
	10 101 101				
02 13	49,601,651	1	30,617,647		80,219,298
\$	49,601,651 60,793,344	\$	30,617,647	\$	94,187,546
	\$	Activities \$ 22,544,259 84,581 1,857,587 1,857,587 767,957 3,581,177 62,196 229,416 80,109 29,207,282 5,006,091 26,579,971 31,586,062 \$ 60,793,344 \$ 655,243 42,662 204,826 2,272,326 	Governmental Activities    \$ 22,544,259  \$ 84,581    1,857,587    1,857,587    3,581,177    62,196    229,416    80,109    229,207,282    29,207,282    5,006,091    26,579,971    31,586,062    \$ 60,793,344    \$ 655,243    \$ 42,662    204,826    2,272,326    3,175,057    4,414,027    530,247    4,944,274    8,119,330    3,072,362    3,072,362    25,653,456    2,588,101    4,449,412    1,656,894    5,060,280    193,500	Governmental ActivitiesBusiness-type Activities $Activities$ Activities\$ 22,544,259\$ 8,242,491 $84,581$ -1,857,587-1,857,587-1,857,587-20,000767,957-3,581,177-62,19613,607229,416-80,109456,72929,207,28210,284,686-476,5175,006,0912,309,36426,579,97120,323,63531,586,06223,109,516\$ 60,793,344\$ 33,394,202\$ 655,243\$ 345,16942,6629,903204,826207,5552,272,326696,60226,403\$ 345,1694,414,0271,084,912530,247170,9764,414,0271,084,912530,247170,9764,944,2741,255,8888,119,3302,776,5553,072,362-3,072,362-25,653,45620,841,5822,588,101-4,449,412-4,449,412-4,449,412-1,656,894-5,060,280-193,500-	ActivitiesActivities $\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline Activities-$ 22,544,259$ 8,242,491$$ 4,5811,857,5871,551,859-20,000767,957-3,581,177-62,19613,607229,416-80,109456,72929,207,28210,284,686476,5175,006,0912,309,36426,579,97120,323,635-31,586,06223,109,516$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 60,793,344$ 33,394,202$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,243$ 345,169$ 655,244$ 2,776,555$ 2,772,362-$ 3,072,362-$ 3,072,362-$ 3,072,362-$ 3,072,362-$

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

					Р	rogram Revenues		
						Operating		Capital
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
		Expenses		Services		Contributions .		Contributions
			-		-			
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	4,343,256	\$	12,893	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		4,897,110		230,315		86,879		351,411
Transportation		3,014,139		32,383		-		284,662
Public health and social services		176,735		. 67,150		-		-
Culture and recreation:								
Library		763,240		6,937		-		-
Parks and recreation		1,485,340		173,283		-		-
Zoo		350,000		-		· -		-
Public works		281,229		-		25,258		
Interest on long term debt		86,277		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	_	15,397,327	_	522,961	-	112,137	- 1	636,073
Business type activities:				· .				
Environmental services		2,256,514		2,874,892		· _		20,000
Wastewater		2,149,950		2,591,317		-		70,987
Water		1,738,019		1,933,767		-		-
Electric		49,641		2,594,241		-		-
Stormwater		110,243		81,975				-
Geographic information systems		72,481				-		-
Central Garage		345,088		170,484		· _		-
	-	6,721,936	-	10,246,676	-	-	-	90,987
Total business type activities	-	0,721,730	-	10,210,070	-		• •	
Total primary government	\$	22,119,263	\$_	10,769,637	\$_	112,137	\$_	727,060

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, levied for transportation

Property taxes, levied for cemetery perpetual care

Property taxes, levied for public safety

Property taxes, levied for business improvement district

- Sales tax
- Other taxes
- Intergovernmental Investment income
- Gain (loss) from sale of assets

Miscellaneous

Net transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

- Change in net position
- Net position, October 1

Net position, September 30

		Pri	mary Governmen	nt	•
	Governmental		Business type		
_	Activities	as Ch	Activities	(PE)	Total
\$	(4,330,363)	. \$	96.1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	(4,330,363
	(4,228,505)		-		(4,228,505
	(2,697,094)		-		(2,697,094
	(109,585)		81.5		(109,585
	(756,303)		-		(756,303
	(1,312,057)		-		(1,312,057
	(350,000)				(350,000
	(255,971)		-	1.1	(255,971
	(86,277)		-		(86,277
	(14,126,156)	-		18-	(14,126,156
	-		638,378		638,378
	-		512,354		512,354
	-		195,748		195,748
	-		2,544,600		2,544,600
	·		(28,268)		(28,268
	-		(72,481)		(72,481
_	-		(174,604)	_	(174,604
-	-	-	3,615,727	-	3,615,727
	(14,126,156)	_	3,615,727	- 00	(10,510,429
			96,6 86,9		
	203,855		-		203,855
	684,346		-		684,346
	504,734		-		504,734
	126,064		-		126,064
	157,800		-		157,800
	52,770		-		52,770
	5,944,784		-		5,944,784
	1,364,258		-		1,364,258
	1,695,610		1-1×_1		1,695,610
	179,685		51,771		231,456
	562,062		S. 8 20		562,062
	1,685,546		70,685		1,756,231
-	2,732,018	_	(2,732,018)	_	-
	15,893,532	_	(2,609,562)		13,283,970
	1,767,377		1,006,165		2,773,542
	47,834,274		29,611,482		77,445,756
-	49,601,651		30,617,647	\$	80,219,298

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DRUBLED DOLOR OF DESIGNED

# CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund	Т	ransportation Fund .		Economic Development Fund		Debt Service Fund
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash Funds held by county treasurer	\$ 6,087,834 9,097	\$	4,361,318 27,163	\$	4,371,860	\$	3,330,900 25,332
Net receivables:	044 407		200.200		162.066		241 970
Taxes	844,487		322,306		162,066		341,879 767,957
Special assessments	-		-		3,581,177		101,951
Notes receivable Accrued interest	- 9,724		6,986		7,004		31,496
Governmental unit	12,255		180,757		7,004		-
Other receivables	 35,996		4,651		11,119	_	-
Total assets	\$ 6,999,393	\$	4,903,181	\$	8,133,226	\$	4,497,564
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 113,856	\$	334,395	\$	99,428	\$	-
Accrued salaries	156,538		23,849		2,960		-
Other accrued expenses	14,721		1,831		249		-
Warrants payable	 -						796,409
Total liabilities	 285,115		360,075		102,637		796,409
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	95,491		271,006		-		348,223
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	-		-		-		764,831
Unavailable revenue - notes receivable	 -		-		3,581,177		1 112 054
Total deferred inflow of resources	 95,491		271,006		3,581,177	<u></u>	1,113,054
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							2,588,101
Debt service	-		- <sub>1</sub>		- 4,449,412		2,388,101
Economic development	-		1,133,366		4,449,412		-
Other restricted Committed	-		3,138,734				
Assigned	- 193,500			·	-		-
Unrestricted	6,425,287		-		_		-
Total fund balances	 6,618,787		4,272,100		4,449,412	_	2,588,101
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,999,393	\$	4,903,181	\$	8,133,226	\$	4,497,564

 Special Projects Fund	Leasing orporation Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 147,939	\$ 6,910 -	\$	2,308,985 22,989	\$	20,615,746 84,581
-	-		186,849		1,857,587
-	-		-		767,957
-	-		-		3,581,177
189	9		3,697		59,105
33,573	-		2,831		229,416
 -	 -	_	28,344	-	80,110
\$ 181,701	\$ 6,919	\$_	2,553,695	\$ =	27,275,679
\$ 42,268	\$ _	\$	57,746	\$	647,693
-	-		4,402		187,749
-	_		276		17,077
	_		_		796,409
 42,268	 -	_	62,424	-	1,648,928
	_		192,549		907,269
_	_				7.64,831
-	_		_		3,581,177
-	-		192,549	_	5,253,277
	-		-		2,588,101
-	-		-		4,449,412
-	-		523,528		1,656,894
139,433	6,919		1,775,194		5,060,280
-	-		-		193,500
 - 100 100	 -		0.000 700	_	6,425,287
 139,433	 6,919		2,298,722	-	20,373,474
\$ 181,701	\$ 6,919	\$	2,553,695	\$	27,275,679

## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances		· 3 . 883,	64.e	\$	20,373,474
		1.5.12			
Amounts reported for governmental act	ivities in the sta	atement of net po	osition		
are different because:					
	witing and mat f		a and		
Capital assets used in governmental acti			es and		21 596 062
therefore are not reported in the government	nental funds ba	alance sheet.		10000	31,586,062
Internal service funds are used by mana	gement to char	ge the costs of ce	ertain		and the second
services to individual funds. These asse					
funds are included in governmental activ					1,924,054
					St. offerie
Deferred inflow of resources in governm	nental fund fina	ancials for prope	rty taxes, special		
assessments and notes receivable is show	wn as revenue	for government v	wide financials.		2,180,915
Long-term liabilities are not due and pay	yable in the cur	rrent period and,	therefore,		
are not reported in the governmental fur	nds balance she	et.			
Due within one year:					
Interest payable	\$	42,664			
Bonds payable	1.8.1.9.1	1,475,917			
Due in more than one year:					
Bonds payable		4,414,027			

530,247

## Net position of governmental activities

Compensated absences

# 49,601,651

\$

(6,462,854)

## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund		Transportation Fund		Economic Development Fund		Debt Service Fund
Revenues:							
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 5,433,83	33	\$ 1,126,840	\$	990,401	\$	893,579
Licenses and permits	67,33			*		Ψ	-
Intergovernmental	137,4		1,927,294		100 C		_
Charges for services	423,42		32,383		-		
Investment income	. 34,22		15,994		37,438		64,841
Other revenue	58,80		240,340		126,866		-
Total revenues	6,155,04		3,342,851		1,154,705		958,420
Expenditures:							
Current operations:					i i si solta '		N 100 1 1 1 1 1
General government	737,3	8	a da ser a comercia de ser a		2,203,608		697,282
Public safety	5,230,48		-		_,,		-
Transportation	, , , , , ,	_	1,780,793				1
Public health and social services		-	-				
Culture and recreation:							
Library	701,83	6	· · · · · · ·				<u> </u>
Parks and recreation	1,201,26		11. J		a ser a ser as		-
Zoo	350,00		-				· _
Public works	232,93		_				-
Capital expenditures	16,60		1,814,933				-
Debt service:	<b>,</b>						
Principal		-	460,000				-
Interest		-	23,555				11,232
Total expenditures	8,470,45	8	4,079,281	_	2,203,608		708,514
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,315,41	7)	(736,430)	_	(1,048,903)		249,906
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from debt issuance		-	2,404,944		C 10 10 1 2		5
Bond issuance costs		-	(28,579)				-
Proceeds from sale of assets	589,57	4	· -		-		-
Operating transfers in	2,937,51		-		-		-
Operating transfers out		-	(52,000)		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,527,09	2	2,324,365		-	_	-
Frances and d. C.							
Excess revenues and other financing sources or (under) expenditures and other financing uses		5	1,587,935		(1,048,903)		249,906
Fund balances, October 1	5,407,12	1	2,684,165		5,498,315		2,338,195
Fund balances, September 30	\$6,618,79	6 \$	4,272,100	\$	4,449,412	\$	2,588,101

	Special		Leasing		Other		Total
	Projects		Corporation		Governmental		Governmental
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
)	i und	-			1 unus		1 unus
\$	121,776	\$		\$	479,970	\$	9,046,399
Ψ		Ψ	e la secola da <u>la</u> s	Ψ	3,100	Ψ	70,434
	46,932				332,183		2,443,820
			- State Refer		67,150		522,961
	2,365		233		13,800		168,900
	20,265		692,002		259,357		1,397,636
	191,338	-	692,002	-	1,155,560		13,650,150
	171,556	-	092,235	-	1,155,500		13,030,130
	179,406		75		46,222		3,863,911
	30,547		-		173,632		5,434,668
	-		-		-		1,780,793
	-		-		191,274		191,274
	-		-		1,575		. 703,411
	-		-		-		1,201,269
	-		-		-		350,000
	-		-		27,649		260,587
	115,503				542,272		2,489,316
	-		655,000		-		1,115,000
	-	_	37,002		-		71,789
	325,456	_	692,077	-	982,624		17,462,018
	(134,118)	_	158	-	172,936		(3,811,868)
	-		-		-		2,404,944
	-		-		-		(28,579)
	-		-		-		589,574
	-		-		-		2,937,518
		_		-	(153,500)		(205,500)
		-		-	(153,500)		5,697,957
	(134,118)		158	•	19,436		1,886,089
	273,551	_	6,761	_	2,279,286		18,487,394
5	139,433	\$	6,919	\$	2,298,722	\$	20,373,483

## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlay in the current period.

Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Payments on debt are expenditures in the funds, but a debt payment decreases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Deferred inflow of resources in governmental fund financials for property taxes, special assessments and notes receivable is shown as revenue for government wide financials.

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

> Accrued compensated absences Accrued interest

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual funds.

Change in net position of governmental activities

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

1,115,000

(2,404,944)

232,437

1,886,089

501,028

440,987

ing and

20

## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	_			Business-type Activities						
	]	Environmental								
· ·		Services		Wastewater		Water		Electric		
ASSETS										
Current assets										
Equity in pooled cash	\$	1,673,479	\$	2,584,993	\$	1,871,640	\$	1,431,523		
Net receivables:			+	2,001,000	Ψ	1,071,040	Ψ	1,431,525		
Accounts and unbilled		106,820		330,875		333,543		776,971		
Grant receivable		20,000				-				
Accrued interest		2,678		4,138		3,031		2,294		
Inventory		ali ni ov		- 10-10-1		456,729				
Total current assets		1,802,977		2,920,006		2,664,943		2,210,788		
Noncurrent assets										
Restricted investments		476,517		_						
Capital assets - non-depreciable		34,008		523,465		718,686		300,000		
Net capital assets - depreciable		1,096,993		10,154,099		7,941,837		329,607		
Total noncurrent assets		1,607,518		10,677,564		8,660,523	_	629,607		
				10,077,501		0,000,525	-	029,007		
Total assets	\$	3,410,495	\$	13,597,570	\$	11,325,466	\$	2,840,395		
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	102,739	\$	90,064	ø	(0.4(0	ሰ			
Accrued interest payable	Ψ	102,739	φ	90,084 5,846	\$	69,460	\$	-		
Accrued salaries		29,905		23,229		-		-		
Other accrued expenses		1,231		15,194		21,164		-		
Current portion long-term debt		1,231		622,509		110,233		-		
Unearned billings		261,438		022,505				-		
Total current liabilities		395,313		756,842		200,857				
	<del>,</del>			100,012		200,057	_			
Noncurrent liabilities						•				
Long-term debt		-		643,949				-		
Compensated absences		51,606		60,910		42,937		-		
Total noncurrent liabilities		51,606		704,859		42,937		-		
Total liabilities		446,919		1,461,701		243,794				
	-			.,,		213,754				
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		1,131,001		9,405,260		8,660,523		629,607		
								,		
Restricted for new landfill		476,517		-		-		-		
Unreserved		476,517 1,356,058		2,730,609		- 2,421,149		- 2,210,788		
		476,517		2,730,609 12,135,869		- 2,421,149 11,081,672		- 2,210,788 2,840,395		

		Busine	ess-type Activit	ties			Governmenta Activities
			Internal				Internal
	Stormwater		Service		Totals	W. ahain	Service
					Art.W.		
5	861,133	\$	(180,277)	\$	8,242,491	\$	1,928,51
		50,707	(,,	54.11		21	-,,
	3,650		1		1,551,859 20,000		
	1,372		94	•	13,607 456,729		3,09
_	866,155	099.5.80	(180,183)	56 979	10,284,686	1000	1,931,60
						1.1.1.1	
	-		· -		476,517		
	733,205		-		2,309,364		
	796,564 1,529,769	001 <u>26</u> 845 <u>61</u>	4,535	015 <u>10</u> 01 70.	20,323,635 23,109,516	878 21	•
S	2,395,924	\$	(175,648)	\$	33,394,202	\$	1,931,604
10.00	42,934 4,057	\$	39,972	\$	345,169 9,903	\$	7,55
	4,037		5,723		80,021	7,790	
	492		384		127,534		
	74,093				696,602		
	- 121,576	11.53	46,079	92.88 980.91	<u>261,438</u> 1,520,667	00000	7,550
				Toc he		1	
	440,963				1,084,912		
	440,963		<u>15,523</u> 15,523	182.41	<u>170,976</u> 1,255,888		
<u>a 100</u>	562,539		61,602	1999,01	2,776,555	inie he	7,550
					2 i		
	1,010,656		4,535		20,841,582 476,517		
593	822,729	1618	(241,785)	198.18	9,299,548	the In	1,924,054
	1,833,385		(237,250)		30,617,647		1,924,054
-							

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## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

1999 - F				Business-				
	Environmental Services			Wastewater		Water	_	Electric
\$	2,874,892	\$		2,591,317	\$	1.933.767	\$	2,594,241
-	46		•	11,425		50,737	-	
_	2,874,938			2,602,742		1,984,504	-	2,594,241
	1,137,017			856,772		772,669		-
								-
								-
								-
								-
								-
								-
_	240,903			732,724		306,075	-	49,641
_	2,256,514	,		2,116,371		1,738,019	_	49,641
_	618,424			486,371		246,485	-	2,544,600
	7,790			17,499		11,539		10,107
	20,000			-		-		· –
	-			-		-		-
	-		٩	(33,579)		-		-
-	27,790			(16,080)		11,539		10,107
_	646,214			470,291		258,024	_	2,554,707
				70.007				
	-			70,987		-		-
	-			-		-		-
-		÷.,			- 3		-	(2,607,018)
-	(54,000)	-		(69,013)		(78,000)	-	(2,607,018)
	592,214			401,278		180,024		(52,311)
_	2,371,362			11,734,591		10,901,648	_	2,892,706
\$	2,963,576	\$		12,135,869	\$	11,081,672	\$	2,840,395
		\$ 2,874,892 <u>46</u> 2,874,938 1,137,017 163,100 535,741 92,230 13,541 57,107 16,875 240,903 2,256,514 618,424 7,790 20,000 - 27,790 646,214 (54,000) (54,000) 592,214 2,371,362	Services    \$  2,874,892  \$    2,874,938  1,137,017    163,100  535,741    92,230  13,541    57,107  16,875    240,903  2,256,514    618,424  7,790    20,000  -    27,790  646,214    (54,000)  (54,000)    592,214  2,371,362	Services    \$ 2,874,892  \$    46	Environmental ServicesWastewater $\$$ 2,874,892 $\$$ 2,591,3174611,4252,874,9382,602,7421,137,017856,772163,10077,082535,74174,19892,23063,69213,541202,95757,10787,24116,87521,705240,903732,7242,256,5142,116,371618,424486,3717,79017,49920,000(33,579)27,790(16,080)646,214470,291-70,987(54,000)(140,000)(54,000)(69,013)592,214401,2782,371,36211,734,591	Environmental  Wastewater    \$ 2,874,892  \$ 2,591,317 $46$ 11,425    2,874,938  2,602,742    1,137,017  856,772    163,100  77,082    535,741  74,198    92,230  63,692    13,541  202,957    57,107  87,241    16,875  21,705    240,903  732,724    2,256,514  2,116,371    618,424  486,371    7,790  17,499    20,000  -    -  (33,579)    27,790  (16,080)    -  70,987    -  70,987    -  70,987    -  70,987    -  70,987    -  70,987    -  70,987    -  -    -  70,987    -  -    -  70,987    -  -    -  -    -  -    -  70,987	ServicesWastewaterWater\$ $2,874,892$ \$ $2,591,317$ \$ $1,933,767$ $46$ $11,425$ $50,737$ $2,874,938$ $2,602,742$ $1,984,504$ $1,137,017$ $856,772$ $772,669$ $163,100$ $77,082$ $365,825$ $535,741$ $74,198$ $69,006$ $92,230$ $63,692$ $14,206$ $13,541$ $202,957$ $142,844$ $57,107$ $87,241$ $48,4371$ $16,875$ $21,705$ $19,244$ $240,903$ $732,724$ $306,075$ $2,256,514$ $2,116,371$ $1,738,019$ $618,424$ $486,371$ $246,485$ $7,790$ $17,499$ $11,539$ $20,000$ $   (33,579)$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  70,987$ $  73,900$ $(140,000)$ $(54,000)$ $(140,278$ $180,024$ $2,371,362$ $11,734,591$ $10,901,648$	Environmental Services    Wastewater    Water      \$ 2,874,892    \$ 2,591,317    \$ 1,933,767    \$ 46    11,425    50,737      2,874,938    2,602,742    1,984,504    -      1,137,017    856,772    772,669      163,100    77,082    365,825      535,741    74,198    69,006      92,230    63,692    14,206      13,541    202,957    142,844      57,107    87,241    48,150      16,875    21,705    19,244      240,903    732,724    306,075      2,256,514    2,116,371    1,738,019      -    -    -      7,790    17,499    11,539      20,000    -    -      -    -    -      -    -    -      7,790    17,499    11,539      20,000    -    -      -    -    -      -    -    -      -    -    -

	•	Business-type A		ies	and the	17	Governmental Activities	
	Stormwater	Interna Service		2.	Totals	_	Internal Service	
						•		แล้ว โอโฟล (Lova) ตองสุดใหญ่ อาการได้ที่สุดข
\$	81,975	\$ 170	,484	\$	10,246,676	\$		
Ψ	8,442	φ 170	35	Ψ	70,685	Ψ	2,368,097	
-	0,112	10.000		Cher	70,000		2,500,057	Other age and
	90,417	170	,519		10,317,361		2,368,097	
5			<u>,                                     </u>			-		
	-							
	10.00.01	214	,121		2,980,579		-	
	5,683		,836		646,526		-	
	33,609		,041	and a	717,595		-	
	785	157			328,146		-	
	438		,052		364,832			
	347		603		193,448		-	
	3,947		-		61,771		1,937,895	
	55,256		683		1,385,282		-	
-				(10)	ALC: NOT			
	100,065	417,	,569		6,678,179		1,937,895	
_		0.62.85 5		(8.)	3670)	-91		
	(9,648)	(247,	,050)		3,639,182		430,202	
	4,731		105		51,771		10,785	
			-		20,000		-	semierrae Societaria no carationitersia su r
	(6,121)		-		(6,121)		-	and a transmission from the particulation of
	(4,057)	A Participation of the	-	10	(37,636)	12	-	in the second se
_	(5,447)		105		28,014	-	10,785	of astronomic destation of the first of
_	(15,095)	(246,	,945)		3,667,196	_	440,987	
								in the set of the of the set has been
					5 - 486			
			-		70,987		101	interest to recently opportunition of
	50,000	97,	,000		147,000		201 <del>8</del> 70	the contention of (beau) built out from the
_	16 60 -	1. 34.9.673	-	24	(2,879,018)	50	- 240.5	
_	50,000		000		(2,661,031)	_	· •	en an an an an an an an agailt
	9/6/21	(032,142)					(3.0)	
	34,905	(149,	945)		1,006,165		440,987	State of
		The second						
_	1,798,480	(87,	305)	7	29,611,482	-	1,483,067	
¢	1 000 005	¢ (007	0.50	¢	20 (17 (17	¢	1.004.054	·
\$ =	1,833,385	\$(237,	250)	\$	30,617,647	\$_	1,924,054	in the second second

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## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

			Business-type Activities						
	_	Environmental Services		Wastewater	. –	Water		Electric	
Cash flows from operating activities:									
Cash received from customers	\$	2,809,602	\$	2,559,162	\$	1,954,274	\$	2,607,017	
Cash paid to suppliers		(853,644)		(504,056)		(681,568)		- I- I	
Cash paid to employees		(767,566)		(598,842)		(551,779)		and a second	
Other expenses		(369,451)		(257,930)		(220,890)		-	
Net cash provided by operating activities		818,941		1,198,334		500,037		2,607,017	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activiti	es:								
Transfers from (to) other funds		(54,000)		(140,000)		(78,000)		(2,607,017)	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital	_								
financing activities		(54,000)		(140,000)	_	(78,000)		(2,607,017)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing	activ	ities:							
Proceeds from capital grant		20,000		-		-		-	
Bond issuance costs		-				-		· -	
Purchases of capital assets		(27,011)		(382,512)		(838,565)		- 1.42	
Principal paid on capital debt		-		(608,488)		-		-	
Interest paid on capital debt		-		(37,403)		_		-	
Net cash (used) by capital and related	1				-				
financing activities		(7,011)	-	(1,028,403)		(838,565)		-	
Cash flows from investing activities:		· · · · · · · · ·							
Investment in landfill		(98,866)		-		-		- '	
Interest and dividends		6,147		15,961		10,965		9,280	
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	(92,719)	-	15,961	_	10,965		9,280	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		665,211		45,892		(405,563)		9,280	
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1		1,008,268		2,539,101		2,277,203		1,422,243	
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	\$	1,673,479	\$_	2,584,993	\$_	1,871,640	\$_	1,431,523	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to									
net cash provided (used) by operating activities	s:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	618,424	\$	486,371	\$	246,485	\$	2,544,600	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		,			-	,	*	_, ,	
net cash provided (used) by operating activ		:							
Depreciation and amortization expense	10100	240,903		732,724		306,075		49,641	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		210,905		152,121		500,075		19,011	
Receivables - net of allowances		(68,931)		(43,582)		(30,230)		12,776	
Inventory		(00,951)		(15,502)		83,926		12,770	
Accounts and other payables		23,608		22,724		(113,426)			
Accrued expenses		4,937		97		7,207		-	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	818,941	\$	1,198,334	\$	500,037	\$_	2,607,017	
							-		
Non-cash activities:									
Capital assets contributed		-		70,987				-	

		Busin	ess-type Activit	ies		_	Governmental Activities
			Internal				Internal
	Stormwater		Service	_	Totals	_	Service
	80,729	\$	170,549	\$	10,181,333	\$	2,368,096
	(15,493)		(169,638)		(2,224,399)		(1,931,335
	-		(147,309)		(2,065,496)		-
	-		(66,812)	_	(915,083)	·	-
-	65,236		(213,210)		4,976,355	_	436,761
	50,000		97,000		(2,732,017)		_
	50,000	-	97,000	-	(2,732,017)	-	
					20,000		
	(6,121)				(6,121)		
	126,147		(5,218)		(1,127,159)		
	120,147		(3,210)		(608,488)		
	(4,057)		-	_	(41,460)	_	-
	115,969		(5,218)	· · · ·	(1,763,228)	_	-
	-		-		(98,866)		-
	4,005		44		46,402		9,223
	4,005	- <u>.</u>	44		(52,464)	-	9,223
	235,210		(121,386)		428,646		445,984
	625,923		(58,891)		7,813,847	_	1,482,529
	861,133	\$	(180,277)	\$	8,242,493	\$_	1,928,513
	(9,648)	\$	(247,050)	\$	3,639,182	\$	430,202
	55,256		683		1,385,282		-
	(1,341)		-		(131,308)		_
	-		-		83,926		- 11
	20,875		32,830		(13,389)		6,559
	94		327		12,662		-
	65,236	\$	(213,210)	\$	4,976,355	\$	436,761
	_		-		70,987		_

# CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	 Agency Fund	_	Pension Trust Fund		Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS					
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 368,938	\$	-	\$	368,938
Investments managed by trustee			13,691,321		13,691,321
Net receivables:					
Accrued interest	591	_	-		591
Total assets	\$ 369,529	\$	13,691,321	\$	14,060,850
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and warrants payable	\$ 177,308	\$	- · · · ·	\$	177,308
Debt service	192,221		-		192,221
Total liabilities	 369,529	_	-	_	369,529
NET POSITION			(		
Held in trust for pension benefits	_		13,691,321		13,691,321
Total net position	 -	_	13,691,321	-	13,691,321
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 369,529	\$	13,691,321	\$	14,060,850

# CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	-	Pension Trust Fund
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	445,653
Employee		494,380
Total contributions		940,032
Investment earnings:		
Net investment earnings and appreciation in fair value of investments	_	1,144,585
Total additions	_	2,084,618
Deductions:		
Benefit payments		727,254
Use of forfeitures to fund employer contributions		2,252
Administrative costs	-	28,758
Total deductions	_	758,264
Change in fiduciary net position		1,326,354
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, October 1	_	12,364,967
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, September 30	\$_	13,691,321

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> - The City of Scottsbluff (City) is a municipal government responsible for providing services to the local citizenry, which are deemed best to be provided for by the public sector. The services provided include general administration, public safety, highways and streets, cemetery, recreation, public improvements, health and social services, parks, library, keno, environmental service, electric, water and wastewater; all of which are funded by tax collections and user fees.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The basic, but not the only criterion, for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the City and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographical boundaries of the City and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the City is able to exercise oversight responsibility.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City of Scottsbluff (the primary government) and its component units. These component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of each unit's operational and financial relationship with the City.

#### City of Scottsbluff Leasing Corporation

The City of Scottsbluff Leasing Corporation was formed in 1981 to provide tax-exempt financing for various construction projects of the City. The governing body is appointed by the City's governing body. The services provided by the Leasing Corporation are so intertwined with the City that the Leasing Corporation is in substance the same as the City and it is reported as part of the City and blended in the City's financial statements.

#### Community Development Agency

The Community Development Agency was created by the Mayor and City Council to provide for redevelopment of various areas within the City. Although it is legally separate from the City, the sole purpose of this Agency is to provide for City redevelopment and it is presented in the City's Agency Fund.

#### Community Redevelopment Authority

The Community Redevelopment Authority was created by the Mayor and City Council to provide for redevelopment of various areas within the City. Although it is legally separate from the City, the sole purpose of this Authority is to provide for City redevelopment. There currently is no funding source for the Authority and currently acts in an advisory capacity only.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Fiduciary activities, whose resources are not available to finance the City's programs, are excluded from the government-wide statements. The material effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting</u>, and <u>Financial Statement Presentation</u> - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *total economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, highway user fees, interdepartmental charges, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Special assessments are recorded as revenues in the year the assessments are paid. Installments not yet paid are reflected as special assessments receivable and deferred revenues. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued) -

The City reports the following special revenue funds:

<u>Transportation Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the maintenance, construction, and improvement of the streets in the City.

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources and payments made for the Local Option Municipal Economic Development Act for the City. This Act sunsets in October, 2025.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Leasing Corporation Fund</u> – Leasing Corporation Fund is used to account for leasing of acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund types).

<u>Special Projects Fund</u> – Special projects fund is used to account for miscellaneous grants such as highway safety or revenue sources for specific items such as K-9 donations.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

Environmental Services Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's sanitation utility.

Wastewater Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's wastewater utility.

Water Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's water distribution operations.

Electric Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's electric system utility.

Stormwater Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the stormwater utility.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity -

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - The City maintains a cash and investments pool for all funds. This pool is managed by the Finance Director and interest income is allocated to each fund based on its proportionate share in the pool. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed as "Equity in pooled cash". This pool consists of cash on hand, certificates of deposits, and investments. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, cash held by County Treasurer, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued) -

<u>Unbilled Water and Sewer Revenue</u> - Billings for water and sewer revenues are rendered on a semi-monthly basis. Unbilled water and sewer revenues, representing estimated consumer usage for the period between the last billing and the end of the year, have been recorded and are included in accounts receivable.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> - When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, drainage systems, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 or \$50,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Equipment	3 - 25 years
Infrastructure	20 - 60 years

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - City employees generally earn vacation days at a variable rate based on years of service. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation time up to a maximum allowed accumulation of 366 hours. Employees earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month with total accumulation limits established by the employees' bargaining unit. With 15 years of service, the maximum allowed is four workweeks.

Vacation and sick leave are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and internal service fund financial statements. Such accruals are based on current salary rates.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> - In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental and business-type activities in the statement of net assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond proceeds as other financing sources and bond payments are expensed. Issuance costs are reported as current expenditures.

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### <u>September 30, 2018</u>

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued) -

<u>Eliminations</u> – Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – In addition to liabilities, the statement of net positon or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category and are reported in the governmental fund balance sheet. The unavailable revenues are from property taxes, special assessments and notes receivable that are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In addition, the City also has a an item that qualifies for unavailable revenues and reported in the Statement of Net Position. The unavailable revenue is economic development grants and loans that are earned over a period of time and are recognized as revenue and/or expense as the revenue is received and as credits are earned.

Fund balance-Governmental Funds – The fund balances for the City's governmental funds are displayed in five components:

*Nonspendable fund balance* – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted fund balance* – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher level of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the City Council.

Assigned fund balance – amount the government intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Manager may assign amounts

*Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the City's General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to deter the use of these other classified funds.
### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued) -

<u>Equity</u> – Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, constructions, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State Statute 14-563 R.R.S., 1943 authorizes funds of the City to be invested in "securities of the United States, the State of Nebraska, metropolitan city, county in which such metropolitan city is located or school district of such city, in the securities of municipally owned and operated public utility property and plants of such city, or in the same manner as funds of the State of Nebraska are invested, except that the city treasurer may purchase certificates of deposit from and make time deposits in banks selected as depositories of City funds". Additionally, State Statute 15-847 R.R.S., 1943 requires banks either to give bond or to pledge government securities (types of which are specifically identified in the Statutes) to the city treasurer in the amount of the City's deposits. The Statutes allow pledged securities to be reduced by the amount of the deposit, which is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As noted above, State Statutes 15-847 R.R.S, 1943 covers this risk. As of September 30, 2018 equity in pooled cash was fully insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized by pledged securities.

The City has invested funds in the Invesco Government Money Market Fund and the Royal Bank of Canada Government Money Market Fund. These funds invest exclusively in high-quality, short-term, U.S. dollardenominated money market instruments that consist of U.S. Government obligations and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Government obligations. As of September 30, 2018 the City had \$10,282,707 and \$602,725 respectively invested in Government Money Market Funds.

The City has entered into an investment pooling agreement with the Nebraska Public Agency Investment Trust (the Trust). The Trust was organized to allow various local governmental entities to pool their funds and invest in all instruments as allowed under state law. The trust investment consists primarily of U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government Agency securities, collateralized repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit, which are short-term in nature and not subject to significant market adjustments. The City had \$101,966 invested in the Trust at September 30, 2018.

### <u>CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF</u> <u>Scottsbluff, Nebraska</u>

Mutual Funds

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash Management Account</u> - At September 30, 2018, the City's cash and pooled investments, recorded at fair market value and includes \$368,938 in the Agency (TIF) fund, consisted of the following:

Cash	\$ 2,588,141
Cash w/bond trustee	193
Investments:	
U.S. Agencies and Instrumentality's Bonds and Notes	11,603,459
Money Market – Pledged Securities	1,011,099
Nebraska Public Agency Investment Trust	101,966
Certificates of deposit	 15,850,830
	\$ 31,155,688
Shown on balance sheet as:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 31,155,688
	\$ 31,155,688

<u>Restricted Investments</u> - The following details the restricted investment at September 30, 2018:

		E	nterprise Funds	
Pursuant to agreement with City of C Investment	Gering:	\$	476,517	
Total		\$	476,517	

Restricted investments consists of equity in checking account for the landfill in the name of City of Gering.

<u>Investments Managed by Trustee</u> - The City's Pension Trust Funds are administered by trustees. At September 30, 2018 Pension Trust Funds managed by a trustee consisted of the following:

 Fire	Polic	<u></u>	City	 Total
\$ 3 269 100	\$ 403	31,785 \$	6 390 436	\$ 13 691 321

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# September 30, 2018

# NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2018, consist of the following:

Fund		Taxes			Accounts and Other	1	Accrued Interest	Special <u>Assessments</u>		
General Special Revenue Debt Service Capital Projects Enterprise Internal Service Fiduciary	-	\$	849,362 675,141 359,873 19,779 -	\$	48,251 261,275 - 1,602,883	\$	9,724 17,767 31,496 124 13,515 3,185 591	\$	808,207	
Gross Receivables	5	\$	1,904,155	\$	1,912,409	\$	76,402	\$	808,207	
Allowance for Uncollectibles	Х са		(46,568)	_	(31,024)				(40,250)	
Net Receivables	:	\$	1,857,587	\$	1,881,385	\$_	76,402	\$	767,957	

LB 840 Economic Development Program notes receivable at September 30, 2018, consist of the following:

	Beginning Balance		Additions (Awards)			Credits Earned	Principal Payments			Ending Balance		
Notes Receivable:												
Eligible for job credits Not eligible for job credits	\$	1,318,300 143,889	\$	1,061,559 405,000	\$	52,700	\$	60,216 40,074	\$	2,266,943 508,815		
Grants:												
Eligible for job credits	\$_	673,440	-	437,506	_	305,525	_		_	805,419		
Total LB 840 Receivables	\$	2,135,629	\$	1,904,065	\$	358,225	\$	100,290	\$_	3,581,177		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# September 30, 2018

# NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Inventory Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 554,216 2,562,113 <u>210,221</u> <u>3,326,550</u>	\$ 67,000 <u>1,644,511</u> <u>1,711,511</u>	\$ <u>31,970</u> 30,086	\$ 554,216 2,629,113 <u>1,822,762</u> 5,006,091
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,508,281 7,642,389 <u>34,920,840</u> 54,071,510	638,532 80 895,712	5,062 405,312 <u>38,595</u> 448,969	11,503,219 7,875,609 <u>35,139,425</u> 54,518,253
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	4,086,551 4,184,190 <u>17,773,701</u> <u>26,044,442</u>	302,921 572,403 <u>1,332,401</u> <u>2,207,725</u>	5,062 270,228 <u>38,595</u> <u>313,885</u>	4,384,410 4,486,365 <u>19,067,507</u> <u>27,938,282</u>
Net capital assets being depreciated		(1,312,013)	135,084	26,579,971
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$ <u>31,353,618</u>	\$ <u>399,498</u>	\$ <u>167,054</u>	\$ <u>31,586,062</u>
Business-type Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 1,461,475 441,979 1,903,454	\$ <u>784,441</u> 784,441	\$ <u>378,531</u> <u>378,531</u>	\$ 1,461,475 847,889 2,309,364
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Plant in service Infrastructure Total capital assets, being depreciated	7,098,675 5,922,756 21,611,535 <u>13,136,423</u> 47,769,389	13,565 222,929 	8,762 20,923 	7,103,478 6,124,762 21,611,535 <u>14,197,856</u> 49,037,631
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Plant in service Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	4,231,670 3,263,932 16,232,083 <u>3,644,131</u> _27,371,815	109,877 477,441 404,163 <u>393,801</u> 1,385,282	8,762 20,921 	4,332,785 3,720,452 16,636,246 <u>4,024,513</u> _28,713,996
Net capital assets being depreciated	20,397,573	(73,936)	2	20,323,635
Net business-type activities capital assets	\$ <u>22,301,027</u>	\$ <u>710,505</u>	\$ <u>378,533</u>	\$ <u>22,632,999</u>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# September 30, 2018

## NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 71,747
Public safety	328,734
Transportation	1,421,492
Public health and social services	18,000
Culture and recreation	351,823
Public works	15,929
Total depreciation expense - governmental	\$
Business-type activities:	
Environmental services	\$ 240,903
Wastewater	732,724
Water	306,075
Electric	49,641
Stormwater	55,256
Internal service	683
Total depreciation expense - business-type	\$ <u>1,385,282</u>

### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Long-term debt is e	omprised of the following.			1	Principal
		Original Amount	Interest Rate	Annual Installment	Amount Outstanding
Governmental a	ctivities:				
dated June	tal and Refunding Bonds, 23, 2015, due annually throu ed by library building \$	•	.4% to 2.15%	49,500 to 220,000	\$ 690,700
dated June 22 annually thro	tal and Refunding Bonds, 3, 2015, due bugh 2023; secured by building and pool	2,080,000	.4% to 2.15%	84,000	1,152,400
	tal Revenue Bonds,	2,000,000	11/0 00 2110 / 0	to 370,000	1,102,100
dated June 23	3, 2015, due ough 2021; secured by	440,000	.4% to 1.8%	16,500	226,900
2015 General O	bligation Hwy Allocation			to 75,000	
Bonds, dated	June 18, 2015, due annually ; secured by infrastructure	2,330,000	.65% to 1.7%	465,000 to 480,000	1,415,000
	bligation Hwy Allocation June 1, 2018, due annually			,	
	; secured by infrastructure	2,404,944	1.85% to 2.55%	345,920 to 362,386	2,404,944
Total	governmental activities				\$ <u>5,889,944</u>

## <u>CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF</u> <u>Scottsbluff, Nebraska</u>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## September 30, 2018

### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

_	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Annual Installment	Principal Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
Business-type activities:				
2018 General Obligation Hwy Allocation Bonds, dated June 1, 2018, due annually through 2025; secured by infrastructure	515,056	1.85% to 2.55%	74,085 to 77,615	515,056
Wastewater treatment project loan - State of Nebraska, issued 1998, due annually through 2019	4,600,000	3.00%	301,140	301,140
Wastewater treatment project loan - State of Nebraska, issued 2003, due annually through 2023	1,004,334	3.00%	56,660 to 58,531	301,615
Wastewater treatment project loan - State of Nebraska, issued 2011, due annually through 2020	1,685,000	2.00%	50,261 to 178,589	410,953
Wastewater treatment project loan – ARRA - State of Nebraska, issued 2011, due annually through 2020	842,500	0%	84,250	252,750
Total business-type activities				\$ <u>1,781,514</u>
Total long-term debt				\$ <u>7,671,458</u>

All of the wastewater treatment project loans are secured by the wastewater treatment plant.

Annual requirements to pay principal and interest to maturity on outstanding debt follows:

Fiscal						Governmen	tal A	Activities					
Year Ended	G	eneral Obli	gati	ion Bonds		Revenu	eВ	onds		Capital Lease			
September 30	P	rincipal		Interest	-	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	5.
2019	\$	810,917	\$	68,425	\$	665,000	\$	29,244	\$	-	\$		-
2020		795,327		55,506		670,000		19,395		-			-
2021		813,563		41,227		445,000		10,030		- 1			-
2022		337,681		29,846		140,000		4,625		- 1			-
2023		345,917		21,982		150,000		1,613		-			-
2024-2028	_	716,539	_	18,200	_		_		_	-			-
	\$	<u>3,819,944</u>	\$	235,186	\$_	2,070,000	\$	64,907	\$_		\$_		_

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Fiscal						Business-Ty	pe.	Activities					
Year Ended	General Obligation Bonds					NDEQ Loans				Loans			
September 30	Pr	incipal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	74,083	\$	10,750	\$	622,509	\$	23,381	\$		-	\$	-
2020		69,673		9,384		326,655		11,304			-		-
2021		71,437		7,955		196,633		5,918			-		-
2022		72,319		6,392		64,001		3,143			-		-
2023		74,083		4,708		56,660		1,209		1	-		-
2024-2028		153,461		3,898	_	-	_		_		-		-
	\$	515,056	\$_	43,087	\$_	1,266,458	\$_	44,955	\$		=	\$	_

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

<b>Governmental activities:</b> Bonds payable:	]	10/1/17 Beginning Balance	_	Additions	R	eductions_		9/30/18 Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds	\$	2,725,000	\$	-	\$	655,000	\$	2,070,000	\$	665,000
GO bonds		1,875,000		2,404,944		460,000		3,819,944		810,917
Compensated absences	-	541,516	_			11,269	-	530,247		
Governmental activities	\$_	5,141,516	\$_	2,404,944	\$	1,126,269	\$_	6,420,191	\$	1,475,917
Business-type activities: Bonds payable:										
GO bonds	\$	-	\$	515,056	\$	-	\$	515,056	\$	74,093
Loans payable	\$	1,874,946	\$	-	\$	608,488	\$	1,266,458	\$	622,509
Compensated absences		165,910		5,066				170,976		
Business-type activities	\$	2,040,856	\$_	520,122	\$	608,488	\$	1,952,490	\$	696,602

There are various bonds issued for tax increment financing projects within the City. These bonds are limited obligations of the agency payable exclusively from taxes levied against certain property in specified areas. These bonds are not general obligations of the CDA, CRA or the City, and are not included in the City's financial statements. The accumulation of resources to pay these bonds is accounted for in the agency funds for CDA and CRA.

#### NOTE 6 - LEASE AGREEMENT - ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

The City leases the operation of their electrical distribution system to the Nebraska Public Power District, pursuant to an agreement which became effective January 1, 1990. This agreement continues until January 1, 2015, and thereafter from year to year, unless terminated on an anniversary of January 1, 2015, with at least five years prior written notice given by either party to the other, on or after February 1, 2009.

The Nebraska Public Power District shall maintain the distribution system and shall construct any additions necessary for service to the extent such additions are within the established extension policies of the Nebraska Public Power District.

Under the lease with the Nebraska Public Power District, the City will receive 12% of the gross retail electric revenues, adjusted for bad debt charge-offs, revenues from tax-supported agencies receiving a discount, and revenues associated with application of production cost adjustment billings and billings of other cost adjustments not included in the base rates.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS

City employees are covered by one of three retirement plans in effect, covering general city employees, fire fighters and police officers, respectively.

#### General

The City sponsors a defined contribution plan which covers substantially all general city employees. Under the terms of the plan, an employee must be age 21 or older and have completed one year of continuous service and have not attained the age of 64. Participating employees are required to contribute 3% of their earnings. The City then makes a matching contribution to the plan on their behalf. An additional voluntary contribution can be made by employees to the plan to the extent allowed under the Internal Revenue Code, currently an additional 10%. The City will contribute an amount equal to an employee's voluntary contribution, not to exceed 3% of the employee's compensation. Employees are 100% vested in the plan after completing 7 years of service, reaching normal retirement age (65), meeting the requirements for early retirement date, becoming totally disabled, or deceased, whichever occurs first. Contributions to the general city employee retirement plan were \$192,785 and \$280,522 by the City and plan participants, respectively. There were 87 participants in the plan.

#### **Fire Fighters**

Fire fighters are covered by a defined contribution plan sponsored by the City. Eligible employees are required to contribute 6.5% of their salary to the plan, which the City then matches at the rate of 13% of the participant's salary. Employees are fully vested after 7 whole years of service. A participant's normal retirement age is the date he attains age 55 and completes 21 years of service. Nebraska State statutes govern the coverage afforded to participants under this plan. Contributions to the fire fighters employee retirement plan were \$115,960 and \$66,380 by the City and plan participants, respectively. There were 20 participants in the plan.

#### <u>Police</u>

Police officers are covered by a defined contribution plan sponsored by the City. Participants in the plan are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary to the plan, which is matched by a 7.0% contribution from the City. Employees are fully vested after 7 whole years of service. Contributions to the police retirement plan were \$136,908 and \$147,478 by the City and plan participants, respectively. There were 36 participants in the plan.

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires any entity with a landfill site to bring its site into compliance with 40 CFR Part 257 and 258 (Subtitle D) or close the site by October, 1993. In prior years, the City closed its landfill. In the 2008 fiscal year, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Gering for use of their landfill site and a portion of the fee paid is going towards a future landfill site or equipment to extend the life of the current landfill.

The City is committed to \$350,000 annually to Riverside Discovery Center (RDC) for its operation of a zoo. The City entered into a contract with RDC on September 13, 2010 and payments to RDC were effective with transfer that occurred on October 1, 2010. Payments are due for ten years from effective date.

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, is not determinable at this time; however, City officials do not believe that such amounts, if any, would be significant.

## <u>CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF</u> <u>Scottsbluff, Nebraska</u>

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Construction</u> – The City is party to a contract for improvements to and expansion of  $42^{nd}$  Street located on the northern edge of the City. The City issued long-term financing to fund the construction project.

	-	Contract Amount	aid Through )9/30/2018	_	Obligation Pending	Expected Completion
Transportation Fund	\$	2,847,673	\$ 1,580,206	\$	1,267,467	July 2019
Stormwater Fund		609,864	401,131		208,733	July 2019
Wastewater Fund		477,072	 323,634		153,438	July 2019
Total Construction Commitment	\$	3,934,609	\$ 2,304,971	\$	1,629,638	

#### NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City provides employee health insurance through a self-funded program and has contracted for administrative services and claims processing.

Due to the Affordable Care Act, the coverage lifetime maximum is unlimited. Re-insurance is covered by a policy which provided insurance above the City's participation of \$40,000 per person and \$1,557,265 in the aggregate.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss including worker's compensation, general liability and law enforcement liability. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 10 - INDIVIDUAL INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLE BALANCES, AND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to move revenues between funds. The transfers below are routine in nature.

	-											
		General	Ι	Leasing	Stormwater			GIS	Non-major			Total
Transfers Out		Fund	Co	orp Fund		Fund		Fund	Gov't	Funds	Tra	ansfers out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,877
Transp. Fund		27,000		-		-		25,000		-		52,000
Debt Service Fund		-		692,002		-		-		-		692,002
Non-major Funds		153,500		-		-		-	~ ]	47,877		283,500
Env. Services Fund		54,000		-		-		-		-		54,000
Wastewater Fund		54,000		-		50,000		36,000		-		140,000
Water Fund		60,115		-		-		36,000		-		96,115
Electric Fund		2,607,018		-	_	-	_	-		-	_	2,607,018
	\$	2,955,633	\$	692,002	\$	50,000	\$	97,000	\$1	47,877		3,942,512

### NOTE 11 - PROPERTY TAXES

The tax levies are certified by the County Board on or before October 15th. Real estate taxes are due on December 31st and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1st following the levy date and become delinquent in two equal installments on May 1st and September 1st. Personal property taxes are due December 31st and become delinquent on May 1st and September 1st following the levy date.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 11 - PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Property taxes levied for 2017-2018 are recorded as revenue when expected to be collected within 60 days after September 30, 2018. Prior-year levies were recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are re-evaluated annually. Property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund balance sheets.

The 2017 tax levy, for the 2017-2018 fiscal year, was \$1,891,336 with a tax rate per \$100 valuation of 0.216 for general and \$54,100 with a tax rate per \$100 valuation of .1887 for the business improvement district. The assessed value upon which the 2017 levy was based was \$875,618,730 for general and \$28,667,529 for the business improvement district.

#### NOTE 12 - TAX ABATEMENTS

As of September 30, 2018, the City provided tax abatements through the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) program. The Tax Increment Financing Law allows for the increased property taxes generated by the improvement of blighted property to be used to pay for the financing of community redevelopment/TIF projects. The statutes for community redevelopment/TIF are found in Neb. Rev. Stat. SS 18-2101 through 18-2150. The City must declare the area as substandard, blighted, and in need of redevelopment. The City is required to prepare a development plan. TIF bonds may be issued for the acquisition of property, site preparation, and public improvements. An agreement is entered into between the City and the Developer and a base valuation is established. The base property valuation remains assessable to all taxing entities. Any increase in value and resulting taxes are used to pay off the debt incurred for the redevelopment project. The project must not exceed a 15-year period. Currently, the City has Developer TIF bonds that extend through December 31, 2031. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City abated \$47,713 in property tax revenue under the tax increment financing program.

<u>CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF</u> <u>Scottsbluff, Nebraska</u>

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FOR THE TEAR ENDED SET TEMD	1210 30	Budgete	ed Amo	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original Final				Amounts	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	5,041,071	\$	5,041,071	\$	5,530,865	\$	489,794
Intergovernmental		-				59,101		59,101
Local		3,419,281		3,419,281		4,157,592		738,311
Total revenues		8,460,352	_	8,460,352	_	9,747,558	-	1,287,206
Expenditures: General government Public safety - Police and Fire Public works - Other Culture and recreation Total expenditures		979,079 5,297,290 358,405 2,473,714 9,108,488		979,079 5,297,290 358,405 2,473,714 9,108,488		736,646 5,234,289 234,919 2,268,091 8,473,944		242,433 63,001 123,486 205,623 634,544
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(648,136)	\$	(648,136)		1,273,614	\$	1,921,750
Fund balances, October 1					_	4,712,025		
Fund balances, September 30					\$	5,985,639		

## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Budgete	d An	nounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	1,133,931	\$	1,133,931	\$	1,137,097	\$	3,166
Intergovernmental		1,899,091		1,899,091		1,916,896		17,805
Local		2,712,200		2,712,200		2,727,873	_	15,673
Total revenues	_	5,745,222	_	5,745,222	_	5,781,866	_	36,644
Expenditures: Public works - Streets Total expenditures	_	6,291,279 6,291,279	_	6,291,279 6,291,279	_	4,158,932 4,158,932	-	2,132,347 2,132,347
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(546,057)	\$_	(546,057)		1,622,933	\$ =	2,168,990
Fund balances, October 1					_	2,682,416		
Fund balances, September 30					\$	4,305,349		

...

# CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgete	ed Ame	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	_	Final		Amounts	_	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 911,970	\$	911,970	\$	994,539	\$	82,569
Local	126,366		126,366		200,844	_	74,478
Total revenues	 1,038,336		1,038,336	_	1,195,383	_	157,047
Expenditures: Community development Total expenditures	 5,152,745 5,152,745		5,152,745 5,152,745	_	2,203,387 2,203,387	-	2,949,358 2,949,358
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (4,114,409)	\$	(4,114,409)		(1,008,004)	\$_	3,106,405
Fund balances, October 1				_	5,574,441		
Fund balances, September 30				\$	4,566,437		

# CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Budgete	d Am	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final	-	Amounts	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	867,943	\$	867,943	\$	829,456	\$	(38,487)
Local		1,119,864	_	1,119,864	_	158,498	_	(961,366)
Total revenues	_	1,987,807	·	1,987,807	_	987,955	-	(999,852)
Expenditures:		· · · · · ·						
General government		4,220,451		4,220,451		796,514		3,423,937
Total expenditures	_	4,220,451	_	4,220,451		796,514	-	3,423,937
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(2,232,644)	\$	(2,232,644)		191,441	\$ _	2,424,085
Fund balances, October 1					_	3,926,337		
Fund balances, September 30					\$	4,117,778		

## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Budgete	d Am	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	_	Amounts	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	121,776	\$	121,776
Intergovernmental		-		-		18,499		18,499
Local		501,000		501,000		23,699		(477,301)
Total revenues	_	501,000		501,000	_	163,973	-	(337,027)
Expenditures:								
General government	_	500,000		500,000	_	325,456		174,544
Total expenditures	r	500,000		500,000	-	325,456	-	174,544
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	1,000	\$	1,000		(161,482)	\$_	(162,482)
Fund balances, October 1					-	581,658		
Fund balances, September 30					\$_	420,176		

See accompanying notes.

## CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) LEASING CORPORATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Budget	ed Amo	unts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	_	Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Local		692,321		692,321	_	692,290		(31)
Total revenues	_	692,321		692,321	-	692,290		(31)
Expenditures:								
General government		692,171		692,171		692,077		94
Total expenditures	_	692,171		692,171	_	692,077	-	94
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	150	\$	150		213	\$	63
Fund balances, October 1					_	26,742		
Fund balances, September 30					\$	26,955		

See accompanying notes.

### NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

### September 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1-BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the City Clerk submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 20, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Proprietary Funds.
- 5. Budgets are prepared using the cash basis of accounting which is a basis not consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 6. The City manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revision that alters total expenditures of any fund requires approval of council and a public hearing.
- 7. All appropriations lapse at year end.

## NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET BASIS REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES TO GAAP

Revenues and expenditures presented on a non-GAAP budget basis of accounting differ from the revenues and expenditures presented in accordance with GAAP because of the different treatment of accruals. A reconciliation for the year ended September 30, 2018, which discloses the nature and amount of the adjustments necessary to convert the actual GAAP data to the budgetary basis, is presented below:

			Econ.	Debt	Special	Leasing
	General	Transp.	Dev.	Service	Projects	Corp.
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Net change in fund balances:						
Balance on a GAAP basis \$	1,211,675 \$	1,587,935	\$ (1,048,903) \$	249,906 \$	(134,118) \$	158
Basis differences (accruals occ	ur					
because the cash basis of						
accounting use for budgetin	g					
differs from the modified acc	rual					
basis of accounting prescrib	ed					
for governmental fund	61,939	34,998	40,899	(58,465)	(27,364)	55
Balance on a budget basis \$	1,273,614 \$	1,622,933	\$ (1,008,004) \$	191,441 \$	(161,482) \$	213

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# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Regional Library		Cemetery & Cemetery Perpetual Care	_	Business Improvement District	-	Public Safety Equipment	-	Industrial Site
ASSETS										
Equity in pooled cash	\$	48,910	\$	766,635	\$	264,102	\$	417,822	\$	168,300
Funds held by county treasurer		-		6,661		5,177		8,684		-
Net receivables: Taxes				(2.097		11.011		02.161		
Accrued interest		- 77		62,987		11,911		93,161		-
Governmental unit		11		1,230		423		668		269
Other receivables				3,086		25,258		2,831		-
	_			5,080		23,238	-		-	
Total assets	\$	48,987	\$	840,599	\$	306,871	\$	523,166	\$	168,569
			-				=		=	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	6	\$	9,754	\$	84	\$	3,123	\$	500
Accrued salaries		-		4,402		-		-		-
Other accrued expenses				276		-		-		-
Total liabilities	_	6		14,432		84		3,123		500
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		<u>-</u> .		64,761		12,538	_	96,034		
Total deferred inflow of resources				64,761		12,538	-	96,034		-
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Other restricted		912		-		-		-		-
Committed		48,069		761,406		294,249		424,009		168,069
Total fund balances		48,981		761,406		294,249	_	424,009	_	168,069
						3, 91967		nerro)		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	48,987	\$	840,599	\$	306,871	\$_	523,166	\$	168,569

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	Keno	0	Mutual Fire	4. 4. 4.	CDBG Fund		Capital Projects Fund	(	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	259,038	\$	276,239	\$	30,711	\$	77,228	\$	2,308,985
	-		-		-		2,467		22,989
	-				-		18,790		186,849
	415		443		49		123		3,697
	-		-		-		-		2,831
	-	<u>.</u>	-	1	) -	4		122	28,344
\$	259,453	\$	276,682	\$	30,760	\$	98,608	\$	2,553,695
\$	44,279	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	57,746
	-		-		-		-		4,402
		_	-			_	-		276
	44,279	-				-	<u>-</u>	-	62,424
	-		-		- 1		19,216		192,549
	-	en -		on C	-	1.12	19,216		192,549
	215,174		276,682		30,760				523,528
	,-/		-		-		79,392		1,775,194
-	215,174		276,682		30,760		79,392		2,298,722

30,760 \$

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98,608 \$

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259,453 \$ 276,682 \$

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### CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	.,	Regional Library		Cemetery & Cemetery Perpetual Care		Business Improvement District		Public Safety Equipment		Industrial Site
Revenues:										
Taxes and special assessments	\$	-	\$	159,141	\$	54,099	\$	207,803	\$	-
Licenses and permits		· –		3,100		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		2,487		-		-		43,981		-
Charges for services		-		67,150		-		-		-
Investment income		328		4,649		1,610		2,040		1,308
Other revenue	-	914	· -	39,252	-	25,258	-	-		-
Total revenues	_	3,729	-	273,292		80,967	_	253,824		1,308
Expenditures: Current operations:										
General government		-		-		-		-		1,445
Public safety		-		-		-		137,950		-
Public health and social services		-		191,274		-		-		-
Culture and recreation:										
Library		1,575		-		-		_		-
Public works		-		-		27,649		-		
Capital expenditures		-		-		-		135,953		-
Total expenditures		1,575		191,274		27,649	_	273,903	_	1,445
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	_	2,154	_	82,018	-	53,318		(20,079)		(137)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers out		-		-		-		-		(153,500)
Total other financing sources (use	s)	-		-				-		(153,500)
Excess revenues and other financing source (under) expenditures and other uses	es over	2,154		82,018		53,318		(20,079)	_	(153,637)
Fund balances, October 1	_	46,827	_	679,388	_	240,931	_	444,088		321,706
Fund balances, September 30	\$	48,981	\$	761,406	\$_	294,249	\$	424,009	\$	168,069

_	Keno		Mutual Fire	-	CDBG		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	58,927	\$	479,970
			-		-		-		3,100
	_		285,715		-		-		332,183
	-						- 1		67,150
	1,445		1,816		217		387		13,800
	88,237		105,696		-		-		259,357
	89,682	_	393,227	_	217	_	59,314	-	1,155,560
	44,777		_				-		46,222
	-		35,682		-		-		173,632
	_		-		-		-		191,274
			-		-		-		1,575
	-		-		-		-		27,649
	34,909	_	333,908	_	-	_	37,502		542,272
	79,686	_	369,590	-	-		37,502	-	982,624
	9,996		23,637		217		21,812		172,936
	9,990	-	25,057	-	217	-	21,012	-	172,550
							-		
	-		-		-		-		(153,500)
	-		-	-	-		-		(153,500)
	9,996		23,637		217		21,812		19,436
	205,178		253,045	_	30,543	_	57,580		2,279,286
\$	215,174	\$	276,682	\$_	30,760	\$	79,392	\$_	2,298,722

# CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	-	Health Insurance		employment mpensation		Geographic Information System		Central Garage	-	Totals
ASSETS										
Current assets	•	1.0.01.000	•	66.044	φ.	50.007	ф	(000.0(4))	ф	1 740 026
Equity in pooled cash	\$	1,861,669	\$	66,844	\$	59,087	\$	(239,364)	\$	1,748,236
Net receivables:		0.004		105		0.1				0 105
Accrued interest	-	2,984		107		94	-	-	-	3,185
Total current assets	-	1,864,653		66,951		59,181	-	(239,364)	-	1,751,421
Noncurrent assets										
Net capital assets	_	-		-		-	_	4,535	_	4,535
Total noncurrent assets	_	-		<u> </u>		-	-	4,535	-	4,535
Total assets	\$_	1,864,653	\$	66,951	\$	59,181	\$_	(234,829)	\$_	1,755,956
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	7,550	\$	-	\$	36	\$	39,936	\$	47,522
Accrued salaries		-		-		1,745		3,978		5,723
Other accrued expenses				- 1		44		340		384
Total current liabilities	-	7,550	_	-		1,825		44,254	-	53,629
Noncurrent liabilities										
Compensated absences		-		-		788		14,735		15,523
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	-	_	-		788	-	14,735	-	15,523
Total liabilities	ĵ <del>-</del>	7,550	<u> </u>			2,613	-	58,989	-	69,152
NET POSITION										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	;	-		-		-		4,535		4,535
Unreserved	_	1,857,103		66,951		56,568	_	(298,353)	-	1,682,269
Total net position	-	1,857,103	-	66,951		56,568	-	(293,818)	-	1,686,804
Total liabilities and net position	\$_	1,864,653	\$	66,951	\$	59,181	\$_	(234,829)	\$_	1,755,956

# CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Health Insurance	Unemployment Compensation	Geographic Information System	Central Garage	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 170,484	\$ 170,484
Other revenues	2,368,097			35	2,368,132
Total operating revenues	2,368,097			170,519	2,538,616
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services	-		60,471	153,650	214,121
Operating supplies	-	-	196	34,640	34,836
Contractual	-	-	4,981	60	5,041
Maintenance	-	-	6,400	150,833	157,233
Utilities	-		433	4,619	5,052
Insurance	-	-	-	603	603
Other operating expenses	1,937,895	-	+		1,937,895
Depreciation and amortization	-		-	683	683
Total operating expenses	1,937,895		72,481	345,088	2,355,464
Operating income (loss)	430,202		(72,481)	(174,569)	183,152
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Invesetment income	10,313	472	105	-	10,890
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	10,313	472	105		10,890
Income before transfers	440,515	472	(72,376)	(174,569)	194,042
Transfers from (to) other funds:					
Operating transfers in	-	-	97,000	-	97,000
Net transfers from (to) other funds	-	-	97,000	· -	97,000
Change in net position	440,515	472	24,624	(174,569)	291,042
Net position, October 1	1,416,588	66,479	31,944	(119,249)	1,395,762
Net position, September 30	\$	\$ 66,951	\$56,568	\$ (293,818)	\$



315 West 60th, Suite 500 707 East Pacific 1001 West 27th Street 201 Foundation Place, Suite 100 505 North Diers Ave P.O. Box 2246 P.O. Box 700 P.O. Box 2026 P.O. Box 1746 P.O. Drawer H Hastings NE 68902 Kearney NE 68848 Lexington NE 68850 Scottsbluff NE 69363 Grand Island NE 68802 308-324-2368 308-635-7705 308-382-5720 402-463-6711 308-237-5930 Fax: 308-382-5945 Fax: 402-463-6713 Fax: 308-234-4410 Fax: 308-324-2360 Fax: 308-635-0599

 Street
 1415 16<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 201

 16
 P.O. Box 191

 9363
 Central City NE 68826

 05
 308-946-3870

 159
 Fax: 308-382-5945

826 G Street Geneva, NE 68361 402-759-3002 Fax: 402-759-4342

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council And City Manager City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Scottsbluff's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2019.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Scottsbluff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Scottsbluff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Scottsbluff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Certified Public Accountants Scottsbluff, Nebraska

February 14, 2019